

S S

ST.

S S

RAMANUJAN GLOBAL SCHOOL, MANESAR

S S

S)

S)

A

P

P

P. J.

S)

P. Contraction of the contractio

Q V

P

S S

WINTER HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

GRADE – VII

Dear students

Holidays are integral parts of a student's life. It is a time explore and a time to learn in different ways. When holidays are given a meaningful direction, it results in a productive and enjoyable time. Let's use these holidays to pursue some hobbies and apply our minds creatively to learn new things and to bring a change in the environment, in our individual ways.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED WHILE DOING HOMEWORK:

- 1. Take a printout of the holiday homework worksheet.
- 2. Homework will be assessed for the neat handwriting, presentation, creativity and submission of the work on time.
- 3. Parents can be facilitator at home. However, the work should be done independently by the child in his/her handwriting.

Maths

- 1. Solve any 10-10 questions based on the concept of lines and angles and properties of triangles in Maths Notebook.
- 2. Learn /Write tables 12 to 25 and Roman Numbers (1 to 200) in maths notebook.

Social Science

- 1. Learn ch-7 in Geography, ch-7 in History and ch-7 in civics.
- 2. On a political map of world mark the continents and oceans.
- 3. Write down the neighbouring countries and island groups.

<u>English</u>

- 1. Eng litreature- learn Q/Ans and w/m of ch- 13 to 19.
- 2. Read and write one page daily.
- 3. Eng Gr.- Revise ch-11 to 14.
- 4. Write essays on topic 'Importance to teacher in your life and holi'.



2/1

P. Committee

200

S S

P. Committee

8

Science

A STATE OF THE STA

P

S S

S S

S S

8

2/1

P

8

- 1. Make a diagram of Respiratory System on A4 size sheet.
- 2. Read Ch-15 &16.
- 3. Make a report on different types of Soils found in India.
- 4. Learn ch-13, 14 and 15.

हिंदी

- क) पाठ-10 से 15 के शब्दार्थ, अभ्यास कार्य तथा प्रश्न / उत्तर याद करो।
- ख) प्रश्न पत्र 1 तथा 2 किताब में करो।

हिन्दी व्याकरण

- क) पाठ-11 से 15 का अभ्यास कार्य तथा प्रश्न / उत्तर याद करो।
- ख) संज्ञा , सर्वनाम ,विशेषण , क्रिया , काल, क्रियाविशेषण, अविकारी शब्द, विलोम शब्द , पर्यायवाची शब्द, लिंग , वचन, कारक, वर्ण, शब्द, वाक्य , व्याकरण ,मुहावरे तथा लोकोक्ति की परीभाषा लिखो व याद करो ।

Computer

- 1. Do page no. 103,104 in book and learn book exercise and Ques/Ans of ch 9,10,11.
- NOTE-: Winter break will start from 31st December 2024 to 15th January 2025 from classes Pre- Nursery to 7th.

 School will reopen on Thursday,16th January 2025 as usual time. During winter vacation, the school reception will open from 8:30 a.m to 1:30 p.m so, kindly submit the fee for the month of January.

SOLVE THE WORKSHEETS GIVEN BELOW:



S S

2

S S

Q No.

S S

S S

Q A

A STATE OF THE STA

S S

S N

S S

MATHS

S)

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

S S

S S

S)

S S

P

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

P

Q V

Q J

A STATE OF THE STA

A STATE OF THE STA

S)

2 December 1

P

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

P

S S

S S

S)

S)

A STATE OF THE STA

S S

S)

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

- 1. Which of the following is not a condition for congruence of two triangles?
 - a) Side-Side-Side (SSS)
 - b) Side-Angle-Angle (SAA)
 - c) Angle-Side-Angle (ASA)
 - d) Side-Angle-Side (SAS)
- 2. Two triangles are congruent if:
 - a) The corresponding sides and angles are equal.
 - b) The corresponding angles are equal, and the corresponding sides are in the same ratio.
 - c)The corresponding sides are equal, and the corresponding angles are in the same ratio.
 - d) None of the above.
- 3. In triangle ABC, if AB = DE, BC = EF, and AC = DF, then triangle ABC is congruent to triangle DEF by which rule?
 - a) SAS
 - b) SSS
 - c) ASA
 - d) AAS
- 4. Which of the following sets of conditions is sufficient to prove two triangles congruent?
 - a) Two sides and one angle
 - b) Two angles and one side
 - c) Two sides and the included angle
 - d) One side and two angles
- 5. In the case of right-angled triangles, which of the following congruence criterion is used?
 - a) SAS
 - b) RHS
 - c) SSS
 - d) AAS



Q A

S S

S S

S N

2

S N

S S

Q A

Part B: True/False Questions

1. Two triangles are congruent if their corresponding angles and corresponding sides are equal.

S S

S N

P

P

S S

Q V

Q V

S S

Q V

P

S S

S)

S S

S S

S S

P

P

P. Committee

P

P

P. Contraction of the contractio

S)

S)

Q V

S S

S S

200

- True / False
- 2. The Angle-Side-Angle (ASA) rule is a valid criterion for triangle congruence.
 - True / False
- 3. If two triangles are congruent by SSS, then their corresponding angles must also be congruent.
 - True / False
- 4. RHS (Right-angle-Hypotenuse-Side) is applicable only for right-angled triangles.
 - True / False
- 5. If two triangles are congruent, the corresponding areas are always equal.
 - True / False

Part C: Solve the Problems

- 1. Given:
- Triangle ABC where AB = 7 cm, BC = 9 cm, and AC = 8 cm.
- Triangle DEF where DE = 7 cm, EF = 9 cm, and DF = 8 cm.

Are the two triangles congruent? If yes, by which criterion?

2. In triangle PQR, PQ = 12 cm, QR = 10 cm, and \angle PQR = 60°. In triangle STU, ST = 12 cm, TU = 10 cm, and \angle STU = 60°.

Prove that triangles PQR and STU are congruent using a suitable congruence criterion.

3. Given that \triangle XYZ and \triangle PQR are right-angled triangles with right angles at Y and Q respectively, XY = 5 cm, XZ = 12 cm, and YZ = 13 cm, while PQ = 5 cm, QR = 12 cm, and PR = 13 cm.

Show that the two triangles are congruent using the RHS criterion.

- 4. In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, $\angle A = \angle D$, AB = DE, and AC = DF. Prove that $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$ using a congruence rule.
- 5. In a triangle, if two sides are congruent, and the included angle between them is also congruent to the corresponding angle of another triangle, prove that the two triangles are congruent.



8

8

8

P. Control of the con

P. Control of the con

8

S S

8

8

8

8

S. Contraction of the contractio

8

Sept.

8

8

P

P. Control of the con

8

8

8

P. Control of the con

8

S S

2 All

English

2

A

Q V

Q J

2

A

A

2

8

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

2

2

8

2

2

A STATE OF THE STA

A STATE OF THE STA

2

2

2

A STATE OF THE STA

A STATE OF THE STA

Q V

All

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

2

Name: Date:				
Grade 2 Reading Comprehension Worksheet				
THE INCREDIBLE GROWING JACKET JADE MAITRE				
Read the story below. One day when Jules is at school, he takes his jacket from the jacket seems different. He puts it on. Its sleeves a before. The bottom of the coat is close to his knees. coat. It is dark blue. It has a nice hood. At home, Jules take notices that it is not a Size 6 anymore. Now it is a Size 9. The next day at school, he sees another boy wearing a blue jacket like Jules's. It is much too small for him. A big smile comes onto his face. The other boy was 9 years old and Jules was 6 years old. Their Mums must have bought their jackets from the same shop, only in different sizes. At lunchtime, the boys took off their jackets to play soccer, and took home the wrong ones. Answer each question. 1. What does Jules notice about his jacket?	go down than they did It looks exactly like his			
2. How does Jules know that it looks like his coat?				
 3. What is the size of Jules's jacket when he takes off? a. Size 9 b. Size 12 c. Size 14 4. What does Jules see next day at school? 				
5. Why there is a smile on Jules's face?				



2

2

2

2 Da

S S

2

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

2

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

S S

2

S S

2

ST.

S S

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

S S

Direct and Indirect Speech

All

S S

S S

Q J

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

Q V

Q J

S S

P

2 December 1

A STATE OF THE STA

S S

Q V

S S

S S

S S

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

A STATE OF THE STA

S S A STATE OF THE STA

S S

Q. Change the following sentences from direct speech into indirect speech

- a. She says, "I am a little bit nervous."
- b. They said, "Sir, the time is over."
- c. We said, "We go for a walk every day."
- d. They said, "We take yoga classes."
- e. He says, "I am happy".

Q A

STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

2

ST N

2/1

S S

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

S S

S S

S S

S S

2

STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

S S

S S

2

S S

2

S S

S S

STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

2

2

S S

STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

200



Conjunctions



S S

S S

S S

2 A

S S

Q D

S S

Q De

S S

S S

S)

Q De

S S

S)

P. Committee

Q V

Q V

S S

S S

Q V

S)

Q V

A

S S

S S

STATE OF THE STATE

Add conjunctions to each sentence.

- 1. It started raining ____ we went inside
- 2. We went to the beach _____ got ice-cream.
- The runners were tired _____ they still continued to run.
- Lucy had to help wash the dishes ____ pack away the dishes.
- 5. The builders had not ____ started laying the bricks.
- Tim neither likes apples _____ pears.
- 7. The family went out ____ breakfast.
- After school they ate their snack fast ____ they could go play.
- It was a warm ____ sunny day so they went for a swim.
- 10. Lilly helped her mum ____ dad paint the streu.



myfreeenglishworksheets



S S 2

S S

S. Carrier

2

A STATE OF THE STA

8

8

8

8

S S

8

8

8

Q D

S S

8

S S

8

ST.

8

P

8

ST.

Q D

2 December 1

8

S)

2

P

ST.

Science

Q D

A

2

Q. Comments

2

A

All

A

2

S S

8

2

A

8

2

8

8

A

P

Q V

8

2

8

A STATE OF THE STA Q V

2

2

8

A STATE OF THE STA

R

2

2

8

A

P

Q J 8

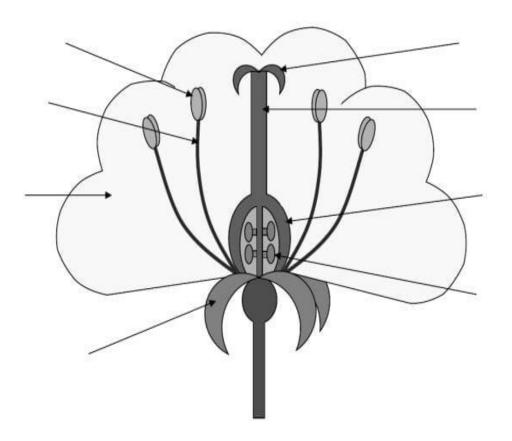
A. Choose the correct opti		
1 tells the o	tells the correct relation between speed (s), distance (d), time (t).	
a. d=s/t	b. s=d/t	
c. t= s*d	d. none of these	
2 does not s	show periodic motion.	
a. motion of a butterfly	b. rotation of the earth	
c. hands of a clock	d. strings of a sitar	
3 is the tin	ne taken by pendulum to complete one oscillation.	
a. speed	b. time period	
c. amplitude	d. distance	
4 is not a ur	nit of speed.	
a. m/s	b. km/h	
c. kmh	d. both a. and b.	
5 device is r	device is not used to measure time.	
a. sand clock	b. sundial	
c. speedometer	d. water clock	
6. When the distance travelled	d by a body at fixed intervals of time is not the same, is called	
a. uniform motion	b. non-uniform motion	
c. both of these	d. none of these	
7. If an athlete takes 50 sec to	complete a race of 200 m. His speed is	
a. 3 m/s	b. 5 m/s	
c. 4 m/s	d. 6 m/s	
one in the second secon	suring device was used by our ancestors before the pendulum	
clock.		
a. wrist-watch	b. sundial	
c. stop-watch	d. digital clock	

P

8

Structure of a flower

Label the diagram below:



Complete the word fill exercise below and table on the next sheet:

The male part of the	flower is called the	consists of the
and	The female part of	of the flower is called
the	consists of the,	and
,	The male gamete is made in the _	and is
found inside the	grain. The female ga	amete is found in the
and	d is called an	



P STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

Q D

S S

S S

all a

P

P

All a

Sept.

P

S S

200

8

S S

S S

200

STATE OF THE PARTY P

and the second

Salar Salar

8

S S

S S

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

हिंदी

2 December 1

A STATE OF THE STA

2

2 December 1

Q D

8 S

Q V

2

2

2

All

Q D

2 De la constantina della cons

2 December 1

All

2 Da

8 January 1981

8 A

R

2

P

R

Q V 8

2

2

P

Q No.

8

2 D

R

2 De

2

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

दो मुर्गे

एक बार की बात है, दो मुर्गे एक पहाड़ी को लेकर लड़ रहे थे। वे दोनों अपनी पूरी ताकत से लड़ रहे थे, क्योंकि जो भी जीतेगा वह पहाड़ी का राजा बनेगा।

अंत में एक मुर्गा जीत गया और दूसरा मुर्गा लड़ाई में गंभीर रूप से घायल हो गया और हार गया। जीतने वाले मुर्गे ने अपनी जीत की घोषणा करने के लिए एक ऊँची उड़ान भरी और तेज आवाज में चिल्ला कर सबको अपनी जीत के बारे में बताया।

इतने में एक बाज़ उड़ता हुआ आया और इस घमण्डी मुर्गे को देखा। उसने झपट्टा मारा और मुर्गे को पकड़ कर दूर ले गया। दूसरा मुर्गा जो हार गया था वह नीचे से सब कुछ देख रहा था,वह जल्दी से बाहर आया और खुद को पहाड़ी का राजा घोषित कर दिया।

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

 मुर्गे आपस में क्यों लड़ रहे थे ? 	उत्तर
 घमंडी मुर्गे को किसने पकड़ लिया ? 	उत्तर
 पहाड़ी का राजा कौन बना ? 	उत्तर
• यह कहानी किसके बारें में है ?	उत्तर



2

2

Q A

2

S S

2

S S

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

STORY OF THE STORY

S S

S S

S S

Q V

S S

200

S S

P

ST ST

2

STOR STORY

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

S S

अशुद्ध वाक्यों का संशोधन

Q Ja

P

2 December 1

S S

8

S S

2

All

A

P

P

P

P. Committee

A

2

2 December 1

2 December 1

2

Q V

2

2 December 1

P. Committee

2 December 1

S S

2 December 1

2

2 December 1

P

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

Q V

S S

200

प्रश्नः- निम्नलिखित अशुद्ध वाक्यों को शुद्ध कर के लिखे ।

- १) मेरे माता जी कल आएँगे।
- २) बच्चा बहुत देर से रो रही है।
- 3) डाकुओं के जाने के बाद सबने चेन की साँस लिया।
- ४) भगवान दुर्गा की पुजा चल रही है।
- ५) वर्षा ऋतु बहुत अच्छा होता है।
- ६) हमारा कक्षा में चालीस छात्र है।
- ७) कल अचानक ही हमारे घर बहुत से मेहमान आ गया।
- ८) पेड़ों पर पक्षी बैठा है।
- ९) तुम्हारा दर्शन दुर्लभ है।
- ९०) हम गरीब की मद्द करनी चाहिए।
- १९) पार्क में एक बच्चा खेल रहे हैं।
- १२) मैं आपकी पुस्तक नही ली।
- १३) मेरे को घूमना बहुत अच्छा लगता है।
- १४) सभी ने सबका काम कर लिया।
- १५) क्या तुम भोजन किया?

2

A STATE OF THE STA

Q V

S S

all a

RIVE

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

and the second

Q N

8

Q V

S S

P. Committee

and the second

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

8

2 De la constantina della cons

All a

STATE OF THE PARTY **P**

All and a second

P. Committee

8

8

हिन्दी कार्यपत्रिका

निम्न प्रश्नों कई सही विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर लिखिए;

- 1. जिन शब्दों से किसी काम के करने या होने का पता चलता है, वे शब्द कहलाते हैं -
 - (अ) कर्ता
- (ख) कर्म
- (ग) क्रिया
- (घ) धात्

2 December 1

A STATE OF THE STA

8 B

2

2

2 De la constantina della cons

2 De la constantina della cons

2 De la constante de la consta

2

2 December 1

2

2

2

2

2

2

2

2 De la constantina della cons

Q D

2 All

Q N

2

2 December 1

2

2 December 1

Q V

P

P

2

2

2 December 1

2 December 1

2

All a STORY OF THE STORY

- 2. क्रिया के मूल रूप को कहते हैं -
 - (अ) कर्ता
- (ख) कर्म
- (ग) क्रिया
- (घ) धात्
- 3. जो क्रियाएं कर्म की अपेक्षा रखती है; वे कहलाती हैं -
 - (अ) सकर्मक क्रिया (ख) अकर्मक क्रिया
- (ग) धात्
- 4. जो क्रियाएं कर्म की अपेक्षा नहीं रखती हैं, वे कहलाती हैं -
 - (अ) सकर्मक क्रिया (ख) अकर्मक क्रिया
- (ग) धात्

- 5. कर्म के आधार पर क्रिया के भेद होते हैं -
 - (अ) दो
- (ख) तीन
- (ग) चार
- (घ) पाँच

निम्न लिखित वाक्यों में क्रिया के भेद बताइए :

- 1. वह पुस्तक पढ़ता है।
- 2. मोहन पत्र लिख रहा है।
- 3. बंदर उछलता है।
- 4. राधा रूट गई।
- 5. रोगी खाँसता है।
- 6. दीदी स्वेटर बुन रही है।
- 7. मोर नाचता है।
- 8. मोहन भागने लगा।
- 9. गेंदबाज गेंद फेंक रहा है।
- 10. नौकरानी झाड़् लगा रही है।



S. Contraction of the contractio S. J.

S. J.

2 December 1

8

P

S S

8

8

P

P

8

8

P

P

P

8

S)

2

P

8

8

P

S)

S S

8

2

ST.

S. Contraction of the second

8

Social Science

A STATE OF THE STA

2

8

A

Q V

2

2

A STATE OF THE STA

ST.

A

S S

2

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

P

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

A STATE OF THE STA

P

R R

2

A

R R

2

S S

A STATE OF THE STA

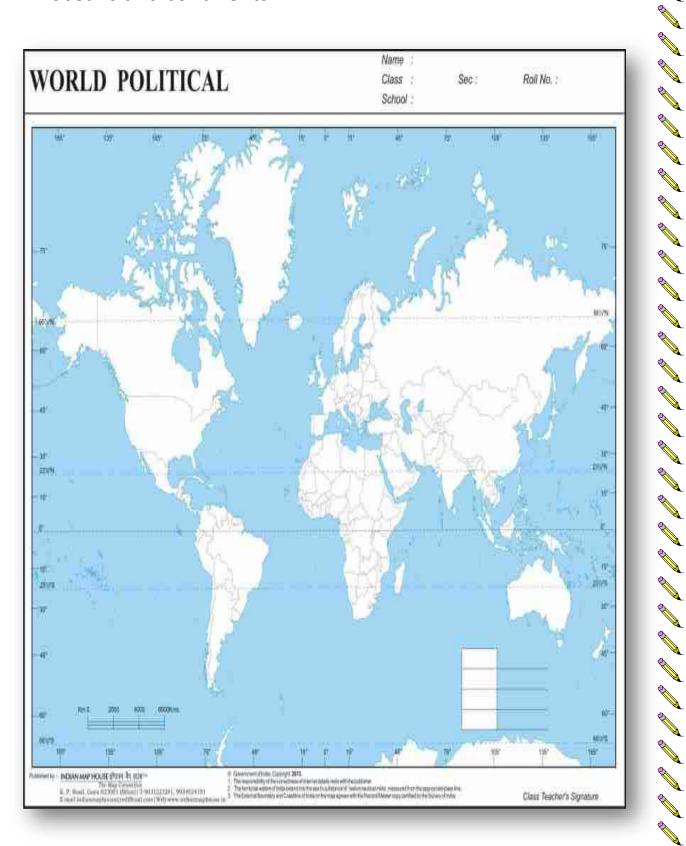
P. Committee

2

	Date:
	Markets Around Us
7	6
9	
10	
Across 2stores are the shopping places that are established by the same management. 7. People's access to markets also depends are the goods available.	Down 1. In a broad sense, 'market' is almost equal to 3. A group of people who are a connecting link between the producers and the
on theof the goods available. 8. Thesocieties are made to reduce the dependency of the producers on the intermediaries. 9. Weekly markets do not haveshops. 10. It refers to the selling of goods to	 4. They move from one place to another to sell their goods. 5 stores are the combination of number of shops under single roof. 6. A is a person who buys the goods from a wholesaler and sells them to
merchants in bulk for resale to consumers.	buyers for self use.



Fill oceans and continents:





A STATE OF THE STA

S)

8

P

P

P

P

P

P. Committee

S S

S S

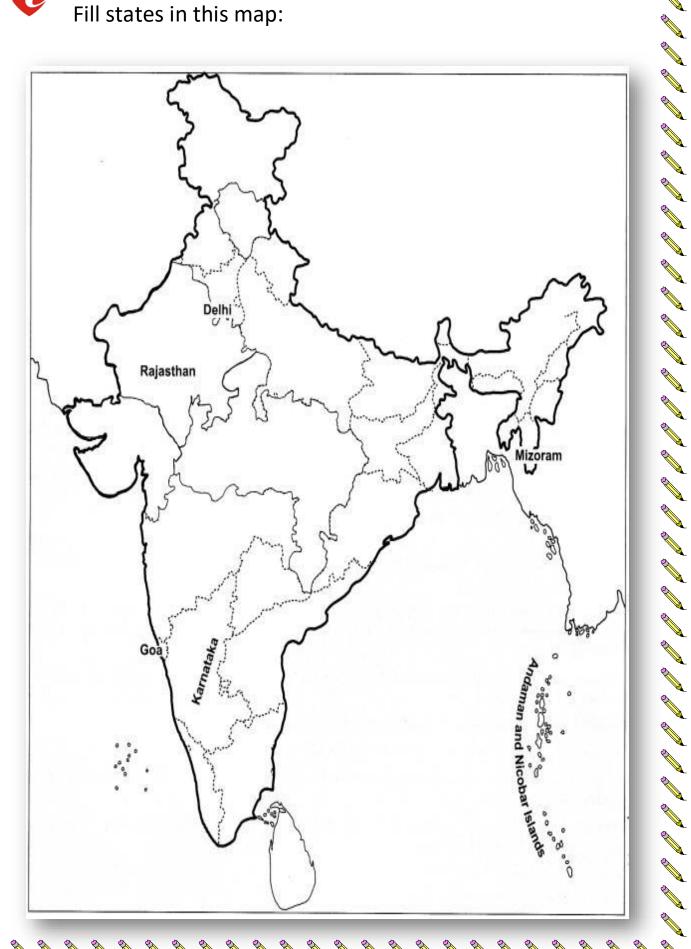
S)

P

2/2

P. Control of the con

Fill states in this map:





Stay happy Enjoy Holidays

